

# SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN.

VOL. 35.

SANTA FE, N. M., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1898.

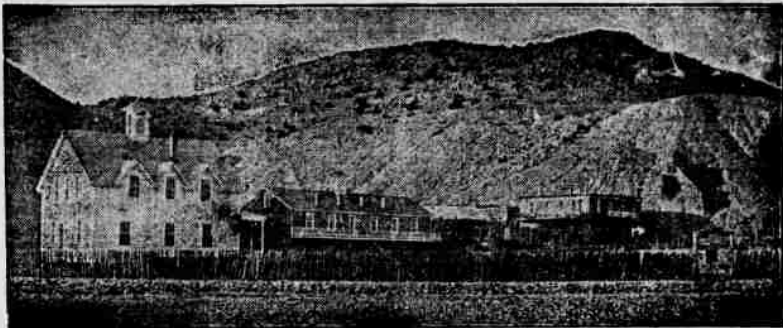
NO. 209.

## ANNOUNCEMENT!

The new goods purchased by S. Spitz, the jeweler, while east, are now being placed for public inspection. They consist of a fine line of decorated china and glassware. New ideas in silver novelties, ebony and leather goods and fancy clocks. These goods in connection with the usual large line of diamonds watches and jewelry always found in his cases will give the Santa Fe public an opportunity for selection seldom found outside of the large cities.

## OJO CALIENTE

(HOT SPRINGS.)



THESE Celebrated Hot Springs are located in the midst of the Ancient Cliff Dwellers, twenty-five miles west of Taos, and fifty miles north of Santa Fe, and about twelve miles from Barranca Station on the Denver & Rio Grande Railway, from which point a daily line of stages runs to the Springs. The temperature of these waters is from 90° to 125°. The gases are carbonic. Altitude 6,000 feet. Climate very dry and delightful the year round. There is now a commodious hotel for the convenience of invalids and tourists. These waters contain 188.24 grains of alkaline salts to the gallon; being the richest alkaline hot springs in the world. The efficacy of these waters has been thoroughly tested by the intraculous cures attested to in the following diseases: Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Consumption, Malaria, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Syphilis and Mercurial Affections, Scrofula, Catarrh, La Grippe, all Female Complaints, etc., etc. Board, Lodging and Bathing, \$2.50 per day. Reduced rates given by the month. This resort is attractive at all seasons and is open all winter. Passengers for Ojo Caliente can leave Santa Fe at 10:25 a.m. and reach Ojo Caliente at 5 p.m. the same day. Fare for the round trip from Santa Fe to Ojo Caliente, \$7. For further particulars address—

ANTONIO JOSEPH, Prop.,  
Ojo Caliente, Taos County New Mexico.

## DAVID LOWITZKI,

DEALER IN

## FURNITURE & QUEENSWARE,

Largest Stock in the City.

## MY HOLIDAY FURNITURE JUST

First Furniture Store You Come to on Frisco Street. RECEIVED. It is a Pleasure to Show Goods. Give me a Call.

Prices Never Before Equalled in Santa Fe.

I will furnish your house from the parlor to the kitchen on easy payments. Highest price paid for second hand goods. I also carry a full line of picture frames and moldings.

## E. H. ROLLINS & SONS

Offer

## For Sale

\$10,000 Socorro Co., N. M. 6's  
\$20,000 Valencia Co., N. M. 6's  
\$5,000 Bernalillo Co., N. M. 6's  
\$10,000 Dona Ana Co., N. M. 6's

All these bonds can be used by insurance companies who are required to make deposit with the Territorial Treasurer.

Price and particulars on application—1735 Champa St., Denver, Colo.

## The Exchange Hotel,

Best Located Hotel in City.

J. T. FORSHA, Prop.

\$1.50 PER DAY. \$2

Special rates by the Week or Month for Table Board, with or without room.

S. E. Corner of Plaza.

## JACOB WELTMER

## Books and Stationery

PERIODICALS

SCHOOL BOOKS,

SCHOOL SUPPLIES.

Stationery Sundries, Etc.

Books not in stock ordered at eastern prices, and subscriptions received for all periodicals.

Stationery at bottom prices at Fischer & Co's.

The Jake Levy Tailoring Company has received its new line of fall and winter clothing samples and can show the public a nobbler, cheaper line than have ever been brought to the city before. A perfect fit guaranteed.

## MISS A. MUGLER

EVERYTHING FIRST CLASS.

## MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

Southeast Corner of Plaza.

"Hot Tamales."

"Chili Con Carne," "Enchiladas," and all kinds of Mexican dishes can always be found at the Bon Ton restaurant.

For sale at a bargain—Excellent saddle horse. Inquire at weather bureau.

Fischer & Co. are sole agents for the genuine Sartman kodaks and supplies. Buy the best.

Miss Clark, stenographer, Catron's office.

Monogram Note Paper.

Monogram note paper is the correct thing for private correspondence. The New Mexican Printing company can furnish the latest styles of this paper and at very low prices. Call and see samples.

Fine Havana.

Finest line of Havana cigars at Scheurich's.

If you want a cheap camera, call at Fischer & Co's.

SANTA FE IN SAN FRANCISCO.

A New Passenger and Freight Ferry Service Will Be Established Across the Bay.

San Francisco, Nov. 16.—The state harbor commissioners have granted the Santa Fe railway a slip near the Main Street wharf as a freight terminal. The Santa Fe company proposes to transfer freight cars on barges from the terminal at Point Richmond. The option obtained some time ago by the Valley road on the China basin property will be abandoned. The Santa Fe company also contemplates establishing a passenger ferry service across the bay.

Wanted—A good woman who is willing to find a good home with a family of two wages, \$12 per month; no washing. Inquire at National cemetery.

## MERRITT'S ADVICE

Filipinos Should Have a Colonial Form of Government Like the British Colonies.

## ARE JUST LIKE CHILDREN

General Merritt and Admiral Dewey Have Steadily Refused to Recognize the Filipinos, and Have Never Asked Their Co-operation.

London, Nov. 16.—General Wesley Merritt read with much interest a long complaint against American officers in the Philippine islands addressed by the so-called Filipino junta at Hongkong to President McKinley and the American people.

The American general refers to the Filipinos as "children" and says it would be impossible to establish an American government in the islands. He adds that they must have a colonial government, similar to the British colonial governments.

Regarding the complaints of the Filipinos, General Merritt said: "It is impossible to recognize the insurgents. I made it a point not to do so, as I knew it would lead to complications. Admiral Dewey, after my arrival, pursued the same course. I purposely did not recognize Aguinaldo or his troops, nor did I use them in any way. Aguinaldo did not ask to see me until 10 days after my arrival. After that I was too much occupied to see him. We purposely did not give the insurgents notice of our attack on Manila because we did not need their co-operation and did not purpose to have it. We were moved by a fear that they might loot and plunder, and possibly murder."

Boys May Stay Out All Right Now. St. Louis, Nov. 16.—Mayor Zelgenheim has voted the curfew bill passed by the city council on the ground that it attempts to abridge the personal liberties of citizens.

## SOUTHERN RACE RIOTS.

Government at Washington Looking Into the Enforced Expatriation of a South Carolina Postmaster.

Washington, Nov. 16.—The government has decided to investigate the circumstances under which James W. Tolbert, assistant postmaster, of McCormick, S. C., was compelled by threats of an armed mob to abandon his office and home. United States Attorney Lathrop has been instructed to look into the matter with a view to prosecution of any violations of the federal statutes of this or any other cases growing out of the recent race riots in that locality.

Spain Still Fighting Windmills. Madrid, Nov. 16.—The minister of foreign affairs, duke de Alameda de Rios, has received dispatches from the Spanish peace commissioners indicating that today's meeting of the joint commissions will not be the last. The commissioners received additional instructions to defend Spain's rights to the Philippines.

## OLD GRUDGE ENDS IN MURDER.

Wealthy Stockman Slain in a Corn Crib and Dragged to the Railroad Track. Coffeyville, Kan., Nov. 16.—Two tough negroes living in the territory have been arrested and charged with the murder of Nathan Sheffield, a wealthy stockman, whose body was found on the railroad track south of Coffeyville Monday. One of the prisoners confessed. He says that Sheffield was murdered in a corn crib and the body hauled to the point where it was found. An old grudge seems to have been the motive.

## Kansas Bank Closed.

Washington, Nov. 16.—Comptroller Dawes of the currency has issued an order closing the First National bank of Emporia, Kansas and appointing Charles J. Jones, receiver. The bank's last statements, September 30, says: capital \$100,000; surplus and profits, \$101,289; due depositors, other banks and banks, \$513,599; circulation, \$22,500.

## MEXICO MUST YIELD.

Uncle Sam Demands the Surrender of Conductor Temple from the Sonora Authorities.

Washington, Nov. 16.—At the instance of Governor Murphy, of Arizona, the State department today instructed Minister Clayton, at the City of Mexico, to demand the surrender, under extradition proceedings, of Temple, the Mexican railroad conductor held in Mexico, near Nogales, on charge of killing a Mexican in the United States. If the Mexican government concedes the justice of this demand, Temple will be tried in the United States, and once more the principle of extra territorial jurisdiction claimed by Mexico will have escaped a test issue, although our government is on record as having, by the demand for Temple's release, repudiated that principle.

## Looks As Though It Were a Go.

New York, Nov. 16.—E. F. Cregin, of Chicago, who engineered the purchase of the concession for building the Nicaragua canal in the interest of the Grace syndicate, arrived today from Graytown, accompanied by a corps of engineers. Cregin says the syndicate which he represents has now full control of the inter-oceanic canal and that the old grant has been canceled. Cregin said the route of the canal will not be materially changed, and that the capital to complete the work has already been subscribed.

## WAR INVESTIGATION TESTIMONY.

Further Evidence to Show How Things Went by Sixes and Sevens in the Quartermaster's Department.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 16.—Major La Garie testified before the war investigating commission today concerning the conduct of the war from a medical point of view. The yellow fever hospital at Siboney, which was under his charge in a general way, he said was well conducted; the supplies were ample. The mortality in this hospital did not exceed 8 per cent. They had not been adequately provided with immune nurses. However, the yellow fever was mild, and to be dreaded less than typhoid.

In the hospital for wounded soldiers, Dr. La Garie said that between 1,300 and 1,400 wounded men had been treated. There were six operating tables, but more could have been used to advantage. Of the wounded, there were about a dozen deaths, or less than 1 per cent. Dr. La Garie thought that if the soldiers had been fully equipped, there would have been less sickness among them. Much of the trouble was due to the fact that soldiers were compelled to lie on the ground without cover.

Colonel J. W. Jacobs, chief quartermaster of the 4th corps, testified that General Humphreys was in charge of the embarkation of troops at Tampa, and no order specifying what vessels they were to occupy were issued. In reply to a question from Governor Weaver, he said the embarkation was a "haphazard affair—decidedly so." He also thought that there was a great deficiency of provisions for embarkation.

## POBRE INFANTA MARIA TERESA.

She is a Worthless Bulk Fit Only for Abandonment—However, Other Spanish Ships May Be Raised.

Washington, Nov. 15.—Although a formal order to abandon the Teresa has not yet been sent to Captain McCalla, the naval authorities are convinced by his report that the vessel is a nearly worthless hulk beyond repair and incapable of being moved at any expenditure within reason. Some arrangement may be made with the wreckers to recover from the hulk anything of value that can be fetched away before the Teresa is finally abandoned. The Neptune company, a Swedish corporation, which has had remarkable success in floating the largest type of war ships when sunken, have made a tentative proposition to wreck the Colon for salvage to be arranged in advance between itself and the department. Representatives of the company will be authorized to visit the wreck near Santiago in order that they may secure a basis for a definite proposition.

## KNIGHTS OF LABOR

Pass Ringing Resolutions on Government by Injunction, Capital's Encroachment and on Territorial Expansion.

Chicago, Nov. 16.—Most of today's session of the Knights of Labor convention was devoted to reports of committees and that of General Master Workman Hicks. The report of the executive committee said: It seems next to impossible to secure passage by congress of the proposed measure to regulate immigration to our shores. The influence of foreign steamship companies appears to be powerful enough to prevent any such legislation. Moreover, the judiciary, with a few honorable exceptions, are merely hirelings of the labor opposers, and legislation is necessary to reconstruct the courts, for injunctions, imprisonment, bayonets and bullets are awaiting men who take any decided stand against the encroachments of capital.

General Master Workman Hicks took strong grounds in opposition to the anti-expansion policy of President Gomper, of the American Federation of Labor. "No part of the territory where our nation's blood was lost or our flag raised," said Hicks, "should under any pretext be allowed to go out of our possession."

Evangeline Cisneros Back in Havana. Havana, Nov. 16.—A joint session of the evacuation commission was held today. Captain General Blanco, in order to complete the evacuation of Puerto Principe by November 22, ordered four transports, capable of taking on board about 5,000 troops, to leave at once for Nuevitas. Captain Carbonell, of General Lee's staff, and wife, formerly Evangeline Cisneros, whose escape from prison here caused the great sensation, arrived today on the Mascotte.

## Toasted on Their Own Gridiron.

Washington, Nov. 16.—Reports have been received from General Otis in command at Manila, that the Province of Iloilo on the island of Pansy which is technically occupied by the Spaniards, was surrounded by insurgents, and fears are entertained that the Spanish population and garrison will be massacred. The situation is such as to strengthen the determination of the administration not to reduce the available force under command of General Otis.

## MARKET REPORT.

New York, Nov. 16.—Money on call nominally 2 @ 2 1/2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3 @ 4. Silver, 60%; lead, 35.00; copper, 11 1/2.

Chicago.—Wheat, Nov., 66 1/2; Dec., 66 1/2 @ 66 3/4. Corn, Nov., 31 1/2; Dec., 32 @ 32 1/4. Oats, Nov., 24 1/2; Dec., 24 1/2.

Chicago.—Cattle, receipts, 14,000; steady; beefs, \$4.00 @ \$5.00; cows and heifers, \$1.70 @ \$4.00; Texas steers, \$2.75 @ \$3.00; westerns, \$2.50 @ \$4.50; stockers and feeders, \$3.00 @ \$4.50. Sheep, 22,000; weak to 10c lower; natives, \$2.50 @ \$3.50; westerns, \$2.00 @ \$4.35; lambs, \$3.50 @ \$5.00.

Kansas City.—Cattle, receipts, 10,000; steady; native steers, \$3.30 @ \$3.25; Texas steers, \$3.00 @ \$4.00; Texas cows, \$2.30 @ \$2.90; native cows and heifers, \$1.50 @ \$4.25; stockers and feeders, \$3.35 @ \$4.40; bulls, \$2.00 @ \$3.75. Sheep, 4,000; weak; lambs, \$4.00 @ \$5.40; muttons, \$3.00 @ \$3.50.

## To Attend Another Peace Jubilee.

Washington, Nov. 16.—Captain Howell, of the war investigation commission, today practically completed arrangements with the president for a visit by him to the Atlanta, Ga., peace jubilee next month. The president will leave here December 13, arriving at Atlanta on the 14th, remaining until midnight of the 15th. If the 7th corps is at Savannah, he will visit it there.

## SPANISH QUIBBLING

Dickering and Hair Splitting Over "Control, Disposition and Government" in the Protocol.

## CAN'T PUTTER MUCH LONGER

United States Won't Bother with Holders of Spanish Bonds, But Will Pay Spain "a Little Suthin'" for the Philippines.

Paris, Nov. 16.—The Spanish commissioners presented a long document in answer to the American argument submitted last week. By mutual consent the memorandum of today was handed to the Americans without being read. The meeting adjourned until Saturday, and the Spanish communication will be translated this evening and its contents discussed by the United States commissioners tomorrow.

The Spaniards, in their communication of today, re-affirmed the position they assumed against discussion over Spain's Philippine sovereignty. They insist that the words "shall determine the control, disposition and government of the Philippines," in the peace protocol, do not warrant any reference to Spain's withdrawal from the Philippines except on her own terms; therefore, the Spaniards propose arbitration on the construction to be placed on the words "control, disposition and government."

## WARNING TO BOND SHARKS.

Washington, Nov. 16.—The United States does not purpose to enter into any relation whatever with the holders of any bonds issued by Spain, notwithstanding the efforts of some European powers to bring this result about. As to the amount which will be offered Spain on account of the Philippines, the officials here are mute, but it is believed it will lie somewhere between \$20,000,000 and \$40,000,000.

Our commissioners do not look for any unconditional rejection of our offer, but believe there will be an attempt on the part of Spanish commissioners to secure a liberal increase of the amount named. The American commissioners are under instructions to inform the Spanish commissioners that there can be no further delay in the final conclusion of the commission's work, so the conclusion will be reached ere long.

## MYSTERIOUS ARMY MOVEMENTS.

Ten Regiments of Regulars Ordered in Readiness for Tropical Service—They Know Not Where.

Washington, Nov. 16.—An order has been issued directing that the least 10 regiments of the regular army now stationed in northwestern forts and posts hold themselves in readiness for immediate transportation and service in tropical climates.

Some claim that a movement towards Cuba is intended somewhat sooner than generally believed heretofore. Another belief is that the government desires to be in readiness to resume hostilities if Spain refuses to accept the terms the American peace commissioners offer. In this connection intimation has got out that during the delay which has occurred Spain has been able to form some sort of a coalition with European powers to back up the pretensions she has been making in negotiations. Then it may be that some of the regular regiments are destined to replace volunteers who have been pleading to be sent home.

## POLITICAL GOSSIP.

The 33d legislative assembly of New Mexico will convene on Monday, January 16, 1899.

The official majority for Mr. Perea in San Miguel county is 218, a slight increase over the figures heretofore given in this paper.

Secretary Wallace is now examining the returns from Taos and Santa Fe counties, and the result will be published as soon as this examination is completed. There are some errors in footings which are being corrected.

Delegate-elect Perea will go to Washington about December 1 to become acquainted and then to start work on the passage of an enabling act for New Mexico. He will confer with Delegate Ferguson and will endeavor to get the latter's aid and co-operation in this matter. There is no good reason why complete harmony between the delegate and the delegate-elect should not exist in this matter and why they should not work together.

The official vote gives Union county to Mr. Perea by 23. The entire county ticket is elected except Manuel Gallegos, for county clerk, who is defeated by 51. John R. Guyer, for member of the house, is defeated by 5 by Dr. J. C. Slack, Democrat. The county gave Mr. Ferguson a majority of 149 two years ago.

Butterick Pattern. December patterns just received. SANTA FE MERCANTILE CO.

## HENRY KRICK,

SOLE AGENT FOR

Lemp's St. Louis Beer.

ALL KINDS OF MINERAL WATER. The trade supplies from one bottle to a carload. Mail order promptly filled. Guadalupe St. Santa Fe

## REPUBLICAN GLORIFICATION.

San Miguel County Patriots Celebrate the Wreathing of the County from the Gang.

The Republican ratification meeting held at the Duncan opera house Monday evening in Las Vegas last was a grand and glorious success. The crowd was large and the big hall would not hold it. Enthusiasm and patriotism, exuberance and good feeling prevailed to a high degree and everything passed off very pleasantly.

The chairman of the meeting was Councilman-elect J. S. Duncan. Speeches were made by Hon. Pedro Perea, Hon. T. B. Catron, Solicitor General E. L. Bartlett, Councilman-elect H. O. Bursum, Colonel R. E. Twitwell, Hon. Thomas Hughes and Hon. Jose D. Sena.

A parade was formed in Las Vegas at 7:30 o'clock, and then the procession, consisting of two bands, 200 torch light bearers, 200 mounted men, 50 carriages and vehicles and about 1,200 citizens marched to the opera house, where the ratification meeting was organized.

Many ladies graced the meeting with their presence. The speeches were eloquent and received with great and vociferous applause by the large audience and the welcome extended to Mr. Perea was especially cordial.

The good citizens of Las Vegas showed their appreciation of the fact that the recent election relieved them from a fearful incubus in the shape of a corrupt and dishonest ring of county officials and Union party gangsters, by their spontaneous, friendly and public spirited reception of the many Republicans from other parts of the territory who attended the meeting and by their big attendance at the parade, procession and ratification meeting. It may be remarked, also, that the city council of Las Vegas made asses of themselves, but as the meeting was a huge and unqualified success that cuts no ice for the present.

## Mrs. Carse's Determination.

St. Paul, Nov. 16.—In the national W. C. T. U. convention today, Mrs. Carse, president of the union announced that this would be her last national convention until she could come and say the temple had been paid for. It might be long, but she hoped for time when she could come back. She has resigned as President of the Woman's Temperance Publishing Association.

## Julian Law Unconstitutional.

St. Louis, Nov. 16.—The state supreme court today decided that the Julian law enacted by the legislature of 1894 providing for the sale of public franchises to the highest bidder was unconstitutional.

## OVERWORKED WOMEN.

Letters to Mrs. Pinkham From Women Who Have Been Helped From Sickness to Health.

The ordinary every-day life of most of our women is a ceaseless treadmill of work. How much harder the daily tasks become when some derangement of the female organs makes every movement painful and keeps the nervous system unstrung!

The following letter from Mrs. WALTER S. BANTA, Sparkill, N. Y., tells the story of many women, and shows them how to get relief: "DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I cannot thank you enough for all Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. When I wrote to you I had suffered for years with falling, inflammation and ulceration of the womb; my back ached, and I was so much distressed I could scarcely walk. I was a burden to myself and did not care whether I lived or died."

"I have taken five bottles of your medicine and it has done wonders for me as all my friends can testify. I can now do my own work, and do not know how to express my gratitude to you for the good your medicine and advice have done me. I owe my life to Mrs. Pinkham."

Mrs. Pinkham's counsel is offered free to all women who need advice about their health. Her address is Lynn, Mass. Mrs. P. H. HUTCHINSON, Kellerton, Iowa, tells here in her own words how Mrs. Pinkham helped her: "DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I was in a very bad condition before I wrote to you and began the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did not know what to do. I suffered terribly every month, when on my feet would have such a bearing-down feeling, was very weak, womb was swollen, back ached, appetite was poor, also had trouble with my head. I have taken several bottles of your Compound and cannot say enough in its favor. It helped more than all the doctors."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; a Woman's Remedy for Woman's Ills

## THE EQUITABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY

OF THE UNITED STATES.

Outstanding Assurance December 31, 1897.....\$951,165,837.00  
New Assurance written in 1897.....156,955,693.00  
Proposals for Assurance Examined and Declined.....24,491,973.00  
Income.....48,572,269.53  
Assets, December 31, 1897.....236,876,308.04  
Reserve on all existing Policies (4 per cent standard) and all other liabilities.....186,333,133.20  
Surplus, 4 per cent standard.....50,543,174.84  
Paid Policy Holders in 1897.....21,106,314.14

**LARGEST** Most Insurance in Force.  
**STRONGEST** Largest Surplus.

**BEST** Pays Death Claims Promptly.

Pays Larger Dividends (\$1,000,000 more during last five years). Issues Better Policies.

WALTER N. PARKHURST, General Manager,

New Mexico and Arizona Department,

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

Resident Agents—  
S. E. LANKARD,  
GEO. W. KNAEBEL, SANTA FE.